

ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk membahas mengenai Sinkronisasi Cedaw (*International Convention on the elimination of all forms discrimination against women*) terhadap pengaturan perdagangan anak dan perempuan di Indonesia. Adapun yang menjadi perumusan masalah dalam penelitian ini ialah: apakah CEDAW sudah memberikan perlindungan terhadap pengaturan perdagangan anak dan perempuan di Indonesia dan bagaimana Kebijakan-Kebijakan aturan Indonesia Terhadap Sinkronisasi CEDAW (*International Convention on The Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women*)? Untuk mengetahui bagaimana pengaturan sinkronisasi CEDAW terhadap pengaturan terhadap perdagangan anak dan perempuan di Indonesia. Cara bagaimana pengaturan terhadap perdagangan anak dan perempuan di Indonesia. Dalam melakukan penelitian ini, penulis menggunakan manfaat teoritis dan manfaat praktis. Metode penelitian normatif dengan memperoleh bahan Pustaka melalui buku teks, jurnal dan internet, serta menggunakan pendekatan perundang-undangan, pendekatan konseptual, pendekatan historis dan pendekatan kasus. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan aturan yang mendasari untuk mendapatkan sinkronisasi CEDAW dalam suatu hukum internasional dimuat dalam (UNHCR).

Kata Kunci: Sinkronisasi CEDAW, Hukum Internasional, Hak Asasi Manusia

ABSTRACT

This study aims to discuss Cedaw Synchronization (International Convention on the elimination of all forms of discrimination against women) on regulation of trade in children and women in Indonesia. As for the formulation of the problem in this research is: has CEDAW provided protection for the regulation of trafficking in children and women in Indonesia, what are the Indonesian regulatory policies regarding CEDAW (International Convention on The Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women) synchronization? To find out how CEDAW synchronizes with the regulation of trafficking in children and women in Indonesia. How to regulate the trafficking of children and women in Indonesia. In conducting this research, the authors used theoretical benefits, practical benefits, normative research methods by obtaining library materials through textbooks, journals and the internet, as well as using statutory approaches, conceptual approaches, historical approaches and case approaches. The results of the research show that the underlying rules for obtaining CEDAW synchronization in an international law are contained in (UNHCR).

Keywords: CEDAW synchronization, International Law, Human Rights