

ABSTRAK

Abstrak : Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui dan menganalisa bentuk pertanggungjawaban pidana pelaku tindak pidana dan faktor penghalang dalam proses pertanggungjawaban hukum pidana terhadap tindak pidana perundungan yang dilakukan oleh anak. Adapun rumusan masalah penelitian ini, yaitu: 1) Bagaimana bentuk pertanggungjawaban hukum terhadap pelaku tindak pidana *Bullying* yang dilakukan oleh anak?; dan 2) Apakah yang menjadi pendukung dan penghambat dalam proses pertanggungjawaban hukum pidana terhadap tindak pidana *Bullying* yang dilakukan oleh anak ?. Metode penelitian adalah penelitian empiris tentang pertanggungjawaban hukum pelaku *bullying* anak di Polresta Jambi. Sumber data utama wawancara dan observasi. Sampel penelitian Kepala dan anggota Unit PPA Polresta Jambi serta pelaku *bullying*. Analisis data kualitatif. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa fenomena *bullying* di sekolah merupakan masalah serius yang berdampak negatif bagi korban, seperti trauma psikologis, prestasi menurun, hingga upaya bunuh diri. Berbagai pihak perlu terlibat untuk mencegah dan mengatasi *bullying*, antara lain dengan membangun rasa percaya diri korban, melaporkan kasus ke pihak berwenang, serta menerapkan hukuman bagi pelaku sesuai UU No. 35 Tahun 2014 tentang Perlindungan Anak. Proses pertanggungjawaban hukum pidana terhadap pelaku *bullying* anak didukung oleh aspek hukum, perlindungan, kesadaran masyarakat, pendidikan, namun terkendala oleh masalah dokumen, pengumpulan data, penafian, stigma, bukti, dan sumber daya.

Kata Kunci: pertanggungjawaban *bullying*; proses hukum; perlindungan anak

ABSTRACT

Abstract : *This research aims to understand and analyze the forms of criminal accountability of perpetrators of criminal acts and the barriers in the process of legal accountability for bullying offenses committed by children. The formulation of the research problems are as follows: 1) What are the forms of legal accountability for perpetrators of Bullying crimes committed by children?; and 2) What are the supporting and inhibiting factors in the process of legal accountability for Bullying crimes committed by children? The research method is empirical research on the legal accountability of child bullying perpetrators in the Jambi City Police. The main sources of data are interviews and observations. The research samples include the Head and members of the PPA Unit of the Jambi City Police and bullying perpetrators. Qualitative data analysis was conducted. The results show that bullying phenomena in schools are a serious problem that negatively impacts victims, such as psychological trauma, decreased academic performance, and even suicide attempts. Various parties need to be involved in preventing and addressing bullying, including building victims' self-confidence, reporting cases to authorities, and implementing punishments for perpetrators in accordance with Law No. 35 of 2014 concerning Child Protection. The process of legal accountability for child bullying perpetrators is supported by legal aspects, protection, public awareness, education, but hindered by document issues, data collection, denial, stigma, evidence, and resources.*

Keywords: *bullying accountability; legal process; child protection*