

ABSTRAK

Tujuan Penelitian ini adalah Untuk Mengetahui dan Menganalisis Peran Hakim Dalam Menjatuhkan Putusan Praperadilan Terkait Penetapan Tersangka Di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi dan Untuk Mengetahui dan Menganalisis Dasar Pertimbangan Hakim Dalam Menjatuhkan Putusan Praperadilan Terkait Penetapan Tersangka Di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi. Adapun rumusan masalah dalam penelitian ini Apa Penyebab Banyaknya Permohonan Praperadilan terkait Penetapan Tersangka yang ditolak di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi dan Apa Dasar Pertimbangan Hakim Dalam Menjatuhkan Putusan Praperadilan Terkait Penetapan Tersangka Di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi. Metode Penelitian yang digunakan adalah penelitian hukum yuridis normatif. Penelitian ini menggunakan pendekatan perundang-undangan, pendekatan kasus konseptual, pendekatan konseptual. Hasil penelitian Penyebab Banyaknya Permohonan Praperadilan terkait Penetapan Tersangka yang ditolak di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi dan Dasar Pertimbangan Hakim Dalam Menjatuhkan Putusan Praperadilan Terkait Penetapan Tersangka Di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi ialah dikarenakan Banyaknya Permohonan Praperadilan terkait Penetapan Tersangka yang ditolak di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi yang mana dalam penetapan tersangka telah terbukti dan sah dengan adanya 2 alat bukti yang sah sehingga permohonan tersebut banyak di tolak dan Dasar Pertimbangan Hakim Dalam Menjatuhkan Putusan Praperadilan Terkait Penetapan Tersangka Di Pengadilan Negeri Jambi ialah pertimbangan secara yuridis yang mana dalam menjatuhkan putusan hakim harus mengacu pada undang-undang, terkait pertimbangan hakim secara sosiologis tidak digunakan, dikarenakan pada praperadilan pembuktiannya tidak sampai pada dampak yang terjadi dimasyarakat sehingga berbeda dengan persidangan pokok perkara.

Kata Kunci: *Praperadilan, Penetapan Tersangka, Pertimbangan Hakim*

ABSTRAC

The aim of this research is to understand and analyze the role of judges in handing down pre-trial decisions regarding the determination of suspects in the Jambi District Court and to understand and analyze the basic considerations of judges in handing down pre-trial decisions regarding the determination of suspects in the Jambi District Court. The formulation of the problem in this research is what is the cause of the large number of pre-trial applications related to the determination of suspects being rejected at the Jambi District Court and what are the basic considerations of judges in handing down pre-trial decisions regarding the determination of suspects at the Jambi District Court. The research method used is normative juridical legal research. This research uses a statutory approach, a conceptual case approach, a conceptual approach. The results of the research are the causes of the large number of pre-trial applications related to the determination of suspects being rejected at the Jambi District Court and the basis for the judge's considerations in handing down pre-trial decisions regarding the determination of the suspect at the Jambi District Court. This is due to the large number of pre-trial applications related to the determination of suspects being rejected at the Jambi District Court, where the determination of the suspect has been proven and valid with the presence of 2 valid pieces of evidence, so many of these requests are rejected and the basis for the judge's considerations in handing down pre-trial decisions regarding the determination. The suspect in the Jambi District Court is a juridical consideration where in making a decision the judge must refer to the law, regarding the judge's sociological considerations are not used, because in the pre-trial the evidence does not reach the impact that occurs in society so it is different from the main trial of the case.

Keywords: *Pretial, Determination of the Suspect, Judge's considerations*